THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY

ASGCA Forum

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The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Panelists

Paul Albanese Gil Hanse Mark Hollinger Art Schaupeter



The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Current Design Trends



•Turf & Tree Reduction

- •Migration to 'firm & fast'
- •Historic Restoration / Templates
- •Bunker Renovations
- •New Construction destination resorts to highly complex municipal projects
- •More Acceptance of Alternative Designs Shorter, Reversible Courses, Par 3's, etc.

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Challenges to Golf

Pace of PlayCostChallenge



The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Challenges to Golf



•Par

Par is the predetermined number of strokes that a scratch (or 0 handicap) golfer should require to complete a hole.

Par is the central component of stroke play, the most common kind of play in professional golf tournaments.

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Challenges to Golf

•Par

Arbitrary Standard

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Stroke Play vs. Match Play

Pace of Play Construction Maintenance Challenge Fair?



Stroke Play Match Play

Count all the strokes vs. Pick it up Accommodate metrics vs. Authentic High vs. Play it as you find it Protecting Par vs. Strategic Interest Absolute vs. "Rub", fate, luck

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Stroke Play vs. Match Play



Subject is not new.....

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



"The merit of any hole is not judged by its length but rather by its interest and its variety as elective play is apparent. It isn't how far, but how good!"

A.W. Tillinghast

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



"Don't worry about par. The practice of printing par figures is literally a mental hazard"

Bobby Jones

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



"Immediately when we attempt to standardize sizes, shapes and distances we lose more than half the pleasure of the game"

HS Colt

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



"Golf architecture is not science.the failure to understand this is one reason responsible for the dilemma in the minds of most golfers who try to come to a logical understanding of golf architecture and get nowhere."

Max Behr

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



Forest Richardson said of stroke play....

"a laborious game of 'count the shots'"

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



Brad Klein said in a 2004 article about Match Play.....

"Classic designers weren't worried about par. They were worried about building interesting golf holes"

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



Recently Ty Butler [ASGCA] spoke about Par.....

"would the average golfer enjoy the game more if there was not an impractical standard [par] looming in the background? More often than not this leads to expectations, frustration and disappointment"

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Stroke Play vs. Match Play



Stroke Play: features & holes judged on how they affect your score

Match Play: features & holes judged on how they provide strategic interest

The consequences of Stroke Play & The Opportunities of Match Play

Stroke Play vs. Match Play



Time to give this subject some attention

Mark Hollinger

How does Stroke Play affect the way we design?

ASGCA MATCH PLAY FORUM







MARK E. HOLLINGER ASGCA, FASLA

HOW DOES STROKE PLAY CHANGE OR IMPACT THE WAY WE DESIGN, DEVELOP ROUTINGS ?

<u>STROKE PLAY COURSE DESIGN:</u>

- 1. STROKE PLAY IS THE STANDARD FORMAT IN GOLF WITH ALMOST EVERY GOLF EVENT TELEVISED TO MILLIONS OF VIEWERS AROUND THE GLOBE EACH WEEK
- 2. WE NEED ADDITIONAL FORMATS OF PLAY WHICH SHORTEN THE TIME REQUIRED, LOWER THE COSTS INVOLVED , AND ATTRACT NEW PLAYERS TO THE GAME
- 3. STROKE PLAY GOLF DESIGN IS PRIMARILY BASED ON THE DESIGNER CRAFTING EACH HOLE TO DEFEND AGAINST PAR, AS A PART OF AN OVERALL AGGREGATE SCORE
- 4. STROKE PLAY GOLF HOLES TEND TO BE MORE STANDARD IN THEIR STYLE AND COMPOSITION
- 5. THE LENGTH OF A GOLF HOLE, THE SEVERITY , SIZE AND PLACEMENT OF ITS HAZARDS ARE ALL DESIGNED BASED ON TYPICAL PLAY TO PAR
- 6. AS TECHNOLOGY ADVANCES STROKE PLAY GOLF DESIGN REQUIRES LONGER GOLF LAYOUTS REQUIRING MORE LAND WITH HIGHER BUILD COSTS
- STROKE PLAY COURSES REQUIRES MORE TIME TO PLAY







MATCH PLAY FOR CONSIDERATION....

<u>MATCH PLAY STYLE HOLE DESIGN:</u>

- REQUIRE LESS OVERALL LAND AS THE EMPHASIS IS SWITCHED TO STRATEGY AND A PLAYER'S IMAGINATION INSTEAD OF MATCHING PAR WITH HOLES OF SEVERE LENGTH AND DISTANCE.
- MATCH PLAY DESIGNED HOLES ALLOW FOR MORE DRIVEABLE PAR 4'S, CHALLENGING YET REACHABLE PAR 5'S, LONG ONE-PUTT STYLE PAR 3'S AND 4'S, STRATEGIC HAZARD POSITIONS, UNUSUAL GREEN COMPLEXES, AND MAXIMIZING ANGLES OF PLAY
- 3. MATCH PLAY DESIGN REQUIRES LESS LAND, WHICH IN TURN LOWERS THE COSTS OF OBTAINING PROPERTY, LOWERSING THE COSTS AND TIME REQUIRED TO KEEP THE COURSE IN TOP CONDITION, WHICH WILL LOWER THE COSTS OF GOLF TO THE PLAYING PUBLIC.
- AS WE BUILD COURSES REQUIRING LESS LAND, A ROUND OF GOLF MAY TAKE TAKE LESS TIME TO PLAY.
- 5. THE RESULT MAY BE GOLF HOLES WITH LESS LENGTH BUT WITH MORE OPTIONS AND MULTIPLE ANGLES OF PLAY REQUIRING GOLFERS TO USE THEIR BRAIN, SKILL AND IMAGINATION MORE IN ORDER TO WIN A HOLE,
- 6. COURSES MIGHT NOT ALL HAVE ONLY THE TYPICAL PAR 3, 4, AND PAR 5 CARDS. WE MIGHT INSTEAD DESIGN A COURSES WHICH ARE MADE UP OF VARIOUS PAR CONFIGURATIONS. (FOR EXAMPLE, WE JUST COMPLETED AN 18 HOLE ALL-PAR 3 COURSE, WHICH AS DESIGNED, IS PERFECTLY FORMATTED TO ENJOY MATCH PLAY EVENTS ON A REGULAR BASIS AS PAR 3 HOLES ARE WONDERFUL FOR THIS FORMAT. THIS NEW RESORT COURSE IS STIMULATING, CHALLENGING, FAIR, AND REQUIRES ABOUT HALF THE TIME OF A TRADITIONAL ROUND OF GOLF)
- DIFFERENT GAMES OF MATCH PLAY WILL RESULT FROM THIS SORT OF THINKING. ALREADY A POPULAR GAME IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE WORLD INVOLVE MATCH PLAY WITH A LIMITED NUMBER OF CLUBS, AND A LIMITED AMOUNT OF BALLS, THUS REQUIRING A PLAYER TO WIN A MATCH BY USING HIS CUNNING, PLAYING SKILLS AND LIMITED RESOURCES.



... MORE COMMENTS AND IDEAS

IN ORDER TO BROADEN GOLF'S APPEAL:

WHAT IF WE CREATED MORE COURSES WHICH EMPHASIZED AND PROMOTED THE BEST QUALITIES OF BOTH MEDAL AND MATCH PLAY TOGETHER IN A SINGLE DESIGN?

WHY NOT TRY TO DEVELOP MORE COMPETITIONS AND ORGANIZE MORE GAMES OF GOLF WHICH ARE CHALLENGING AND THAT ARE NOT JUST ABOUT SCORE? GAMES WHICH REQUIRE THE PLAYER TO THINK HIS WAY AROUND THE COURSE AS WELL AS ALONG EACH HOLE?

WHY NOT PROMOTE THESE CONCEPTS TO POTENTIAL DEVELOPERS SO AS TO TAKE THE GAME IN MORE DIRECTIONS, ALLOWING THE COST OF GOLF TO COME DOWN AND ALLOW DESIGNERS THE FLEXIBILTY TO MOVE AWAY FROM ONLY TRADITIONAL STYLE LAYOUTS?

THE GAME MAY JUST BENEFIT FROM THIS THINKING, PROVIDED THE GOLF INDUSTRY ENCOURAGES AND PROMOTES THIS NEW DIRECTION...AND WE MIGHT FIND A NEW YOUNG GROUP OF GOLFERS TO ENJOY IT....



LETS FOLLOW THE PIPER





DESIGNING FOR MATCH PLAY- A STRATEGIC GOLF HOLE





THIS DEMANDING HOLE DESIGN IS A CLASSIC "CAPE STYLE HOLE" PRESENTING MANY OPTIONS FROM THE TEE IN ORDER TO CHALLENGE PLAYERS OF ALL SKILL LEVELS. WATER HAZARD INVITES PLAYERS TO CARRY AS MUCH OF THE LAKE AS THEY DARE. PLAYERS WHO SUCCESSFULLY CARRY THE WATER ON THE MOST AGGRESSIVE LINE, ALONG THE EXTREME LEFT, WILL HAVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO PLAY FOR THE GREEN IN TWO SHOTS AND SET UP A POSSIBLE WINNING SCORE. THOSE WHO PLAY MORE CONSERVATIVELY TO THE RIGHT, ARE FACED WITH DIFFERENT CHOICES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE SECOND SHOT. THE LENGTH OF THIS TYPE OF HOLE IS NOT AS IMPORTANT AS THE VARIOUS ANGLES OF ATTACK. A TRULY MEMORABLE CHALLENGE



*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE- I HAVE DESIGNED (A REACHABLE PAR 5 HOLE)

SOMETIMES A STRATEGIC HOLE SETS UP THE ENTIRE FINISHING EXPERIENCE FOR THE GOLF ROUND. THIS PAR 5 HOLE IS REACHABLE IN TWO SHOTS, YET OFFERS NUMEROUS WAYS TO PLAY IT REQUIRING THE PLAYER TO DETERMINE EACH SHOT CAREFULLY. THE HOLE POSITION WITHIN THE FINISHING SEQUENCE OF HOLES MIGHT WELL END A MATCH EARLY FOR THE AGGRESSIVE PLAYER.



VIEW FROM TEE

BLUE BAY RESORT GOLF CLUB, LINGSHUI, HAINAN ISLAND, CHINA Hole 14, Par 5, 542 Yards ARCHITECT: MARK E. HOLLINGER

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© 257 © 234 © 189

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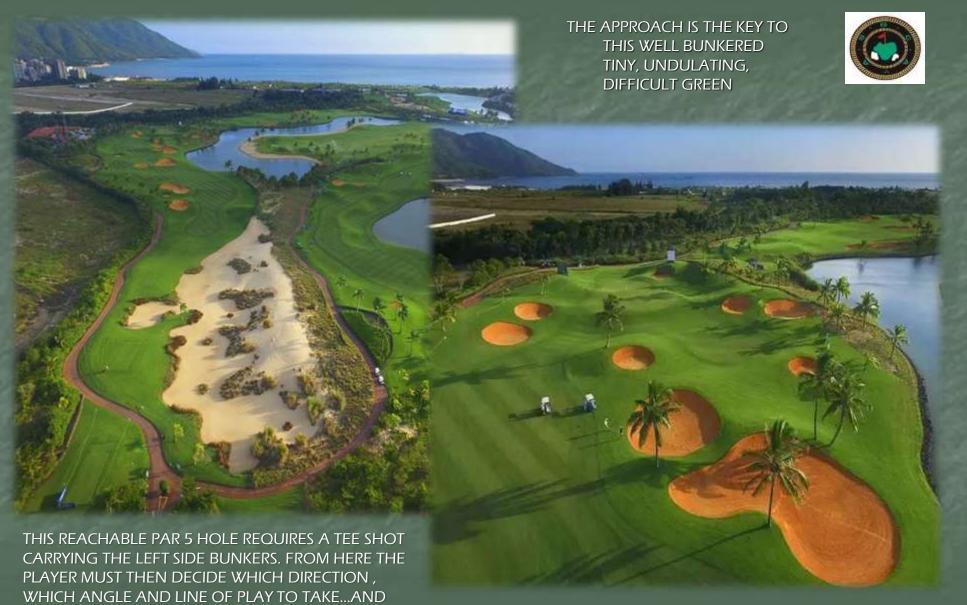
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Par 5

*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE- I HAVE DESIGNED



HOW TO AVOID THE NUMEROUS HAZARDS



WHAT MAKES THIS HOLE SO **GREAT IS THAT** THE PLAYER IS **TEMPTEDMTO** DRIVE THE GREEN. OTHERWISE, THERE EXIST MANY OPTION S FROM THE TEE ON THIS SHORT, SEEMINGLY SIMPLE HOLE. THE FAIRWAY NARROWS AS ONE APPROACHES THE GREEN SO THE LENGTH AND ANGLE OF THE LAYUP 2ND SHOT MUST BE CAREFULLY

*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE-ALL TIME (A DRIVABLE PAR 4 HOLE)





CONSIDERED

CYPRESS POINT GOLF CLUB PEBBLE BEACH, CALIFORNIA HOLE 9, PAR 4, 289 YARDS ARCHITECT: ALISTER MACKENZIE



*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE-ALL TIME

DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED NEARLY A CENTURY AGO, WHEN MATCH PLAY WAS POPULAR, THE **DECISIONS REQUIRED** FROM THE TEE TO SET UP THE BEST APPROACH FOR THE PLAYER ARE MASSIVE. THE ENTIRE HOLE IS LESS THAN 290 YARDS, AND IF NEGOTIATED **PROPERLY A WINNING** SCORE IS VERY POSSIBLE



AERIAL VIEW

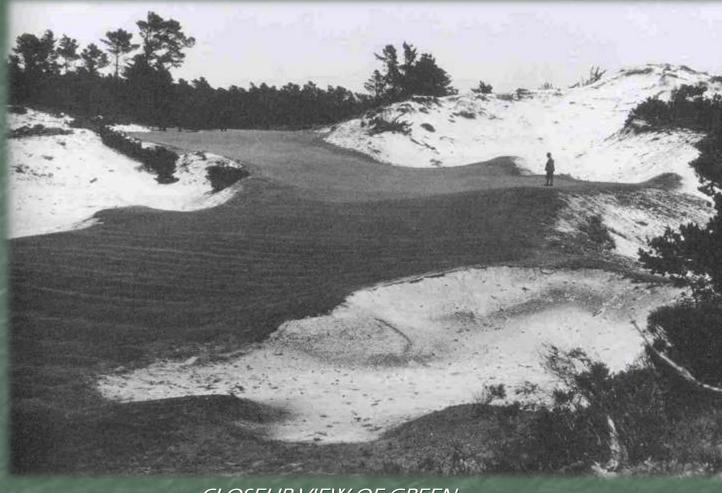


CYPRESS POINT GOLF CLUBPEBBLE BEACH, CALIFORNIAHOLE 9, PAR 4, 289 YARDSArchitect: Alister Mackenzie



*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE-ALL TIME

THE GREEN COMPLEX IS NESTLED INTO A NARROW BOTTLENECK WITHIN THE **DUNES HAS** MORE THAN 10 FEET OF **ELEVATION** CHANGE FROM SIDE TO SIDE WITH PRONOUNCED SLOPE, RIDGES AND A NARROW WIDTH



CLOSEUP VIEW OF GREEN



CYPRESS POINT GOLF CLUBPEBBLE BEACH, CALIFORNIAHOLE 9, PAR 4, 289 YARDSARCHITECT: ALISTER MACKENZIE



*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE-ALL TIME (A DIFFICULT ONE-PUTT PAR 3 HOLE)

A MAGNIFICENT DRAMATIC MEETING OF THE SEA AND LAND **OVER WHICH THE** PLAYER MUST NAVIGATE WHILE THE SEA BEATS ALONG THE **ROCKS DIRECTLY** BELOW THE TEE. CONCENTRATION IS ALWAYS DIFFICULT. THERE ARE EASIER **OPTIONS FOR THE** PLAYER TO THE LEFT. THIS HOLE CAN BE A CARD WRECKER





CYPRESS POINT GOLF CLUBPEBBLE BEACH, CALIFORNIAHOLE 16, PAR 3, 233 YARDSARCHITECT: ALISTER MACKENZIE



*FAVORITE MATCH PLAY HOLE-ALL TIME

THIS CHALLENGING PAR 3 HOLE, WHICH IS FREQUENTLY PLAYING **DIRECTLY INTO** THE WIND, IS A VERY LONG CARRY OVER WATER FOR A HOLE BUILT IN 1926, THEREFORE PLAYING OUT TO THE LEFT FAIRWAY AND CHIPPING TO THE GREEN FOR A ONE-PUTT PAR IS A MATCH PLAY OPTION TO CAREFULLY **CONSIDER FROM** THE TEE



AERIAL VIEW



CYPRESS POINT GOLF CLUBPEBBLE BEACH, CALIFORNIAHOLE 16, PAR 3, 233 YARDSARCHITECT: ALISTER MACKENZIE



Gil Hanse

Does Match Play require a different footprint?

a different footprint for golf?



Maybe

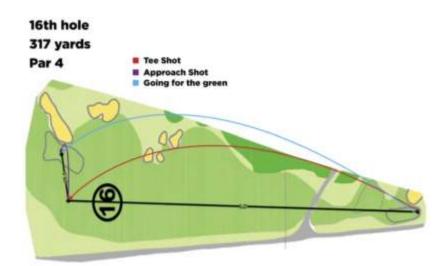
- Width for Options
- Lack of Necessity for excessive length

Can we use the property differently?



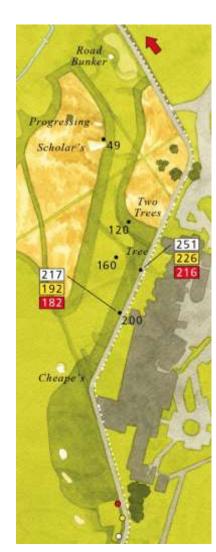
- Potential opportunities for using more severe topography
- Potential to utilize more definitive hazard areas, water, wetlands, out of bounds, blind holes.

Original Match Play Hole





Existing Match Play Hole





Existing Match Play Hole



Paul Albanese

Does Match Play require changes in maintenance and operations?

Effect of Maintenance & Design Match Versus Stroke Play

What is the essential difference between Match Play and Stroke Play?

MATCH PLAY: Opponent is Golfer

STROKE PLAY: Opponent is Golf Course

So – How does MATCH PLAY/STROKE PLAY affect the Maintenance/Operation Aspect of Design?

RISK/REWARD CONTRAST

The DIFFERENCE (i.e CONTRAST) of RISK versus the REWARD for any given Golf Shot

Designers (And Superintendents) are able create a HIGH or LOW CONTRAST in the RISK versus the REWARD using a variety of elements such as:

- a. Heights of Turf Cut
- b. Ruggedness of Bunkers
- c. Tightness of Approach to Greens

RISK/REWARD CONTRAST Which is more Appropriate for Match Play? High or Low Risk/Reward Contrast?

In Match Play – a golfer is more likely to take on a HIGH CONTRAST RISK/REWARD design than in Stroke Play–

- WHY? Because in MATCH PLAY if a golfer takes on a HIGH CONTRAST RISK/REWARD shot and fails --- they simply concede one hole, and still have a good chance of recovery in the game.
- BUT In STROKE PLAY– if a golfer takes on a HIGH CONTRAST RISK/REWARD shot and fails, they could conceivably lose multiple strokes, and lose any reasonable chance of recovery in the game.
- In OTHER WORDS: Golfers playing <u>Match Play</u> are able to "pick-up" and move along, knowing a HIGH RISK SHOT only affects <u>ONE</u> hole.
- BUT ~ Golfers playing <u>Stroke Play</u> are not able to "pick up" and move along, knowing a HIGH RISK SHOT will affect the EIGHTEEN holes i.e "Every Stroke Counts".







Which is more Appropriate for MAINTENANCE INTENSITY?

High or Low Risk/Reward Contrast?



Heights of Cut of Rough

Low Contrast Risk/Reward – 2" Rough Aligning Outer Edge of Hole Better for <u>Stroke Play</u> High Maintenance Intensity



<u>High Contrast Risk/Reward</u> – 6" Fescue Aligning Outer Edge of Hole Better for <u>Match Play</u> Lower Maintenance Intensity



Ruggedness of Bunkers

- The ruggedness of bunkers will determine how much **RISK/REWARD CONTRAST** there would be from being "IN" the bunker versus being "OUT" of the bunker.
- Exceptionally manicured bunkers, especially for professionals, in fact, often reverses the supposed RISK/REWARD CONTRAST intended by the architect.
 - I.e many skilled golfers would rather be IN the bunker versus the surrounds of a green which is NOT the original design intention of the architect.

Low Contrast Risk/Reward – Perfectly Groomed Bunkers Appropriate for <u>Stroke Play</u> High Maintenance Intensity

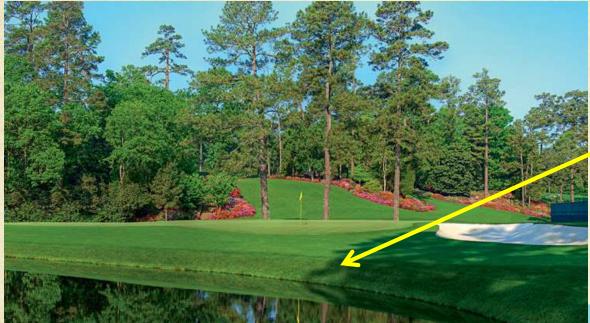


High Contrast Risk/Reward -

Rugged, non-groomed bunkers Appropriate for <u>Match Play</u> Low Maintenance Intensity



Tightness of Approach (Augusta #15)



Low Contrast Risk/Reward – Rough at Approach Appropriate for <u>Stroke Play</u> High Maintenance Intensity

High Contrast Risk/Reward – Tight Approach Appropriate for Match Play Less Maintenance Intensity



THEREFORE:

<u>MATCH PLAY</u> <u>has potential for designs to be</u> <u>HIGHER in</u> <u>"RISK/REWARD CONTRAST"</u>

<u>Which can potentially be</u> <u>LOWER in MAINTENANCE</u> <u>INTENSITY</u>,

Tatanka Golf Club – Hole 15

326 316 300

284 260 193

Strategy

263 253 240 225 204 This short, drivable par 4 135 will tempt golfers to thread the needle up the narrow left fairway to get to the green on the drive. Or, play short of all the trouble to the bottom of the valley, and be left with a short blind wedge. Tough choice.



Tatanka Golf Club – Hole 15



Short Par 4 with many options for how to play the hole. More options -= HIGH RISK/REWARD CONTRAST= Designed with Match Play in Mind – and – Low Intensity Maintenance

Art Schaupeter

How would Match Play change how a golfer plays or enjoys a golf course?

Unintended Consequences of Stroke Play and the Opportunities of Match Play

Would match play affect how a golfer plays or enjoys a golf course?

Arthur Schaupeter, ASGCA

Points of Discussion

- Golf's Function
- The Golfing Experience
- Forms of Play Stroke Play vs. Match Play
- Design with a Focus on the Experience
- A Classic Match Play Hole
- A Contemporary Match Play Hole

What is Golf's Function/Purpose?



Golf as Recreation...



Golf as Competition...



Golf as a Social Activity...







Golf for Personal Fulfillment...



Golf as Exercise...



Golf for Enjoying Nature...



The Golfing Experience

- To be sustainable golf, at it's core, must be primarily an enjoyable experience. Everyone **chooses** to play golf, regardless of their purpose or objective. It's a discretionary spending of money and time.
- It should be so interesting that it engages the player emotionally and intellectually



The Golfing Experience

- The form of play has predominantly driven the golfing experience and by extension the form of the course.
- The **desired** golfing experience should drive the form of play, which can then drive the form of the course.
- Different forms of play can be appropriate for different purposes or functions...it's not an either/or proposition.
- Golf courses can be designed to accommodate different forms of play or they can be designed to emphasize one form of play over the other.

- Match play predominant form of play originally.
- Stroke play has become the predominant form of play.
- Why has the predominant form of play shifted?

- Has the shift from match play to stroke play coincided with the rise to prominence of tournament golf and televised tournament golf?
- Recreational golfers and golf course development tends to follow the lead of the higher profile professional golf.
- This shift has altered the general perception of golf in terms of how it is played and has <u>resulted in changing how it is</u> <u>experienced and enjoyed by golfers.</u>
- How does the form of play impact the experience and/or enjoyment for the players?

Unintended Consequences of Stroke Play

- Golf is played in a defensive or negative mind set:
 Don't make a mistake!
- One bad hole or shot can ruin the entire round
- Golfer plays with continual mental pressure
- The golf experience is constrained by predetermined notions of what the golfer "should" do or strives to do…par as the arbiter!
- Fairness valued above all, nature and randomness removed from the equation as much as possible.

• So, would an acceptance of match play as the predominant form of play affect how golfers play or enjoy a golf course?

Opportunities of Match Play

- Golf is played from an offensive and positive mindset:
 Go for it!
- Allows for an emotional freedom, free to choose how to play a hole.
- Free to take chances and let the bad holes recede into the past.
- Free to view each hole as a new opportunity, a new adventure.
- Golf as an adventure creates interest and excitement, it engages the player emotionally and intellectually.

• Alister MacKenzie:

"One of the objects in placing hazards is to give the players as much **pleasurable excitement** as possible...on some of the British Championship courses one rarely takes a club out of the bag without having an **interesting shot** to play."

"There are some leading players who honestly dislike the dramatic element in golf. They hate anything which is likely to interfere with a constant succession of threes and fours. They look at everything in the "card and pencil spirit."

• Charles Blair McDonald:

"Variety is not only the 'spice of life' but it is the very foundation of golfing architecture. Diversity in nature is universal. Let your golfing architecture mirror it. An ideal or classical golf course demands variety, personality, and, above all, the charm of romance."

"...there seems to be a constant endeavor to make golf commonplace, to emasculate it, as it were, of its finer qualities."

• Max Behr in 1923:

"Golf is a sport, not a game."

- Games, like tennis, baseball, football, etc. are "enclosed in principles". The playing field is leveled out and made "fair" or equal for all.

- In a sport, "we stand before the great unknown", with golf as a sport made enjoyable by the "nourishment of the imagination."

• Max Behr:

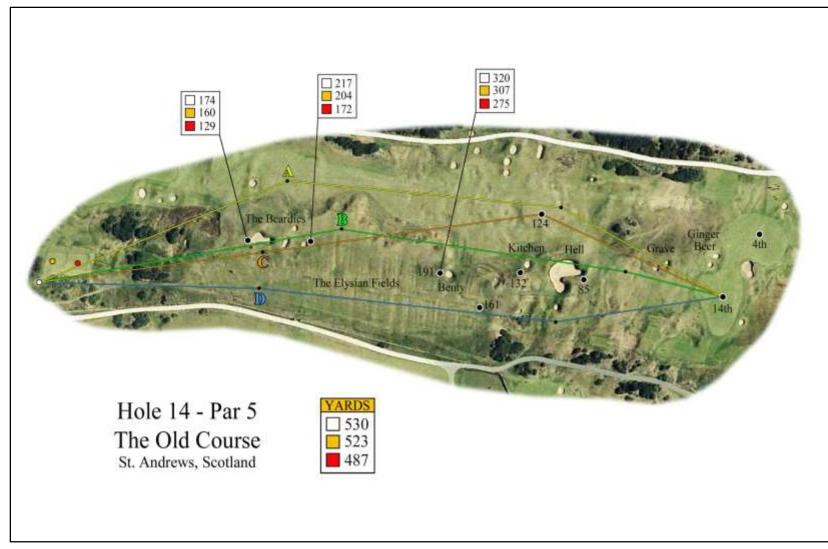
"On a penal course we see what to avoid. A good shot is mere evasion of evil. On a great strategic course, the golfer is **engaged positively** to consider their options and 'study what to conquer.""

• Strategic golf holes and match play go hand in hand, together creating exciting, interesting holes to elevate the golfing experience.

- All of these golden age architects were prescient in describing today's golf roughly ninety years earlier, especially tournament golf, with it's focus on turning golf into a game, something that they can be controlled.
- Green speeds reduce stroke variability and flatten greens.
- Bunker consistency remove chance; they used to be hazards!
- Straightforward experience with no surprises; minimize or remove randomness or luck; consistency

The Old Course

St. Andrews, Scotland Hole 14



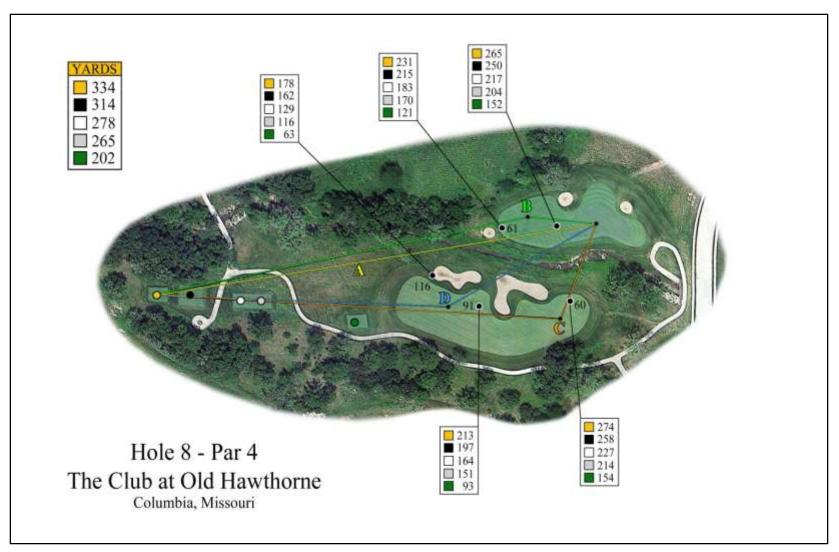
The Old Course St. Andrews, Scotland Hole 14





The Club at Old Hawthorne

Columbia, Missouri Hole 8



The Club at Old Hawthorne Columbia, Missouri Hole 8



The Club at Old Hawthorne Columbia, Missouri Hole 8



The Club at Old Hawthorne Columbia, Missouri Hole 8



Final Thoughts

• Alister MacKenzie:

In the question of whether a course or hole is ideal from a stroke play or match play point of view, MacKenzie offered, "if it is necessary to draw any distinction between the two, there can be little doubt that match play should always have prior claim...the true test of a hole, then, is its value in match play."

"It is the successful negotiation of difficulties, or what appears to be such, which gives rise to **pleasurable excitement and makes a hole interesting.**"

Final Thoughts

• Max Behr:

"The object of golf is to give an intelligent purpose to the striking of a golf ball. To be worthwhile, **this purpose must excite and hold interest**. If it fails in this, the character of the architecture is at fault."

Final Thoughts

Golf course design focused on:

- Adventure
- Enjoyment
- Engagement
- Interest
- Individuality
- Opportunity

...is golf course design that successfully focuses on the player's experience, and match play makes the best form of play for the player's freedom of expression and enjoyment of the experience. **ASGCA Forum**

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Q&A

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



•The challenge of handicapping

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



•Fairness – Does stroke play challenge the concept of fairness on the golf course?

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•How would the proliferation of Match Play affect golfers [average, low handicap, high handicap, etc.]

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•Should/could Match Play be expanded as part of the Tour Schedule? Why? Is it good? Bad? Olympics?

THE CONSEQUENCES OF STROKE PLAY & THE OPPORTUNITIES OF MATCH PLAY



•Do you have thoughts about Par? As an architect, is par constraining?

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Thank You

Paul Albanese Gil Hanse Mark Hollinger Art Schaupeter

